



Atradius Payment Practices Barometer

International survey of B2B payment behaviour
Survey results for Asia Pacific

Survey design for Asia Pacific

Survey objectives

For internationally active companies, it is vital to have good knowledge of the payment practices of potential customers in countries they do or plan to do business with, as miscalculation may result in serious cashflow problems. This applies to big as well as small companies. Big companies are particularly hit by poor payment behaviour due to the volume of their international transactions. Smaller companies often learn the hard way early in their international endeavours that they have incorrectly estimated the payment practices of their international business partners.

Atradius is conducting regular reviews of corporate payment practices through a survey called the “Atradius Payment Practices Barometer”. Using the questionnaire Conclusr conducted a netto of 1,692 interviews in Asia and the Pacific. The interviews were all conducted exclusively for Atradius and there was no combination of topics.

Survey scope

- Basic population: companies from 8 countries were monitored (Australia, China, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Japan, Singapore and Taiwan). The appropriate contacts for accounts receivable management were interviewed.
- Selection process:
Internet survey: companies were selected and contacted by use of an international Internet panel. A screening for the appropriate contact and for quota control was conducted at the beginning of the interview.
- Sample: N=1,692 people were interviewed in total (approximately n=200 people per country). In each country, a quota was maintained according to three classes of company size.
- Interview: Web-assisted personal interviews (WAPI) of approximately 12 minutes duration.

Sample overview – Total interviews = 1,692

Country	n	%
Australia	213	12.6
China	219	12.9
Hong Kong	220	12.9
India	208	12.3
Indonesia	207	12.3
Japan	208	12.3
Singapore	208	12.3
Taiwan	209	12.4
Industry	n	%
Manufacturing	605	35.8
Wholesale / Retail / Distribution	490	29.0
Services	597	35.2
Business size	n	%
Micro-enterprises	572	33.8
SMEs (Small/Medium enterprises)	857	50.7
Large enterprises	263	15.5

It may occur that the results are a percent more or less than 100% when calculating the results. This is the consequence of rounding off the results. Rather than adjusting the outcome so that it totalled 100%, we have chosen to leave the individual results as they were to allow for the most accurate representation possible.